

Urejanje tabel

Naloga:

VHOD: tabela a

IZHOD: urejena tabela a

1. Urejanje na mestu:

Sprememimo tabelo a , da postane urejena (elemente v a premesčamo)

2. Naredimo novo, urejeno tabelo. Tabela a se ne spremeni.

① Urejanje na mestu: Urejanje z izbiranjem

3, 1, 5, 6, 2, 8, 4, 7

↑
↙
1 3 5 6 2 8 4 7
· · · · · · ·

1 2 5 6 3 8 4 7
· · · · · · ·

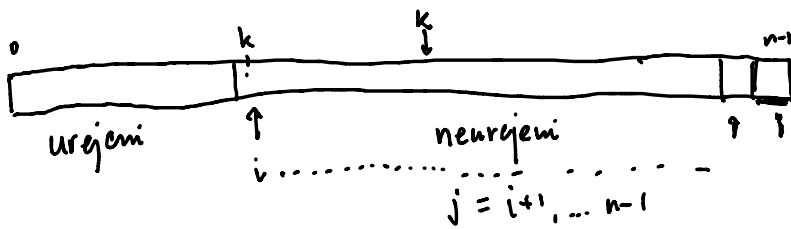
1 2 3 6 5 8 4 7
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1 2 3 4 5 8 6 7
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1 2 3 4 5 8 6 7
· · · · · · ·

6 8 7

7 8

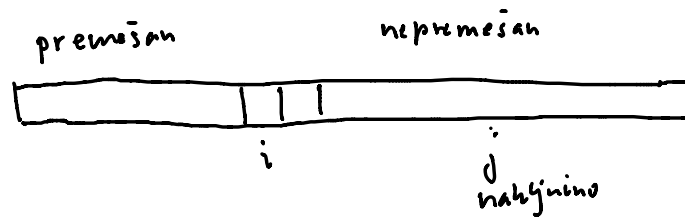


a $\text{len}(a) = n$

$i = \text{range}(0, n-1)$

Premešamo:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		n
4	2	3	1	5	6	7	8		



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
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4

Časovna zahtevnost urejanja z izbiranjem:

```

for i in range(0, len(a)-1):
    k = i # kandidat za indeks najmanjšega v a[i:]
    for j in range(i+1, len(a)):
        if a[j] < a[k]:
            k = j
    a[i], a[k] = a[k], a[i]

```

$i=0$: $j=1 \dots n-1$ $n-1$

$i=1$: $j=2 \dots n-1$ $n-2$

$i=2$: $j=3 \dots n-1$ $n-3$

\vdots
 $i=n-2$: $j=n-1 \dots n-1$ 1

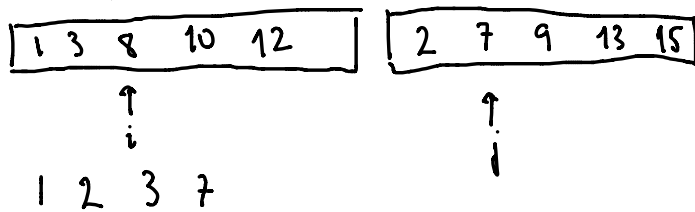
$$1+2+3+\dots+(n-1) = \frac{n}{2}(n-1)$$

je $O(n^2)$

v vsakem primeru

② Urejanje v novo tabelo

Zlivanje dveh urejenih tabel:

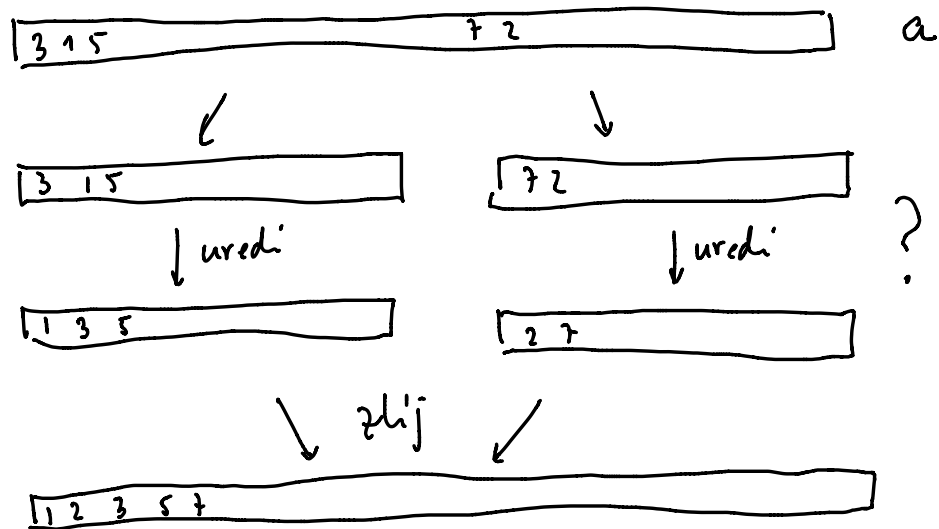


VHOD: že urejeni tabeli a in b $n = \text{len}(a) + \text{len}(b)$

IFHOD: urejena tabela, ki združuje a in b

Zahtevnost $O(n)$

Urejanje z zlivanjem:



```
def uredi(a):
    """Uredi tabelo a z zlivanjem."""
    if len(a) <= 1:
        return a
    else:
        i = len(a) // 2 # sredina (približno)
        return zlij(uredi(a[:i]), uredi(a[i:]))
```

$T(n)$ = število korakov za urejanje tabele dolžine n
(v najslabšem primeru)

$$T(n) = c_1 + c_2 \cdot \frac{n}{2} + T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + c_3 \cdot \frac{n}{2} + T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + c_4 \cdot n$$

$$T(0) = 1$$

$$T(1) = 1$$

$$T(n) = 1 + \frac{n}{2} + T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{n}{2} + T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + n$$

$c = \max(c_1, \dots, c_4)$

$$= 1 + 2n + 2T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow T(n) = n + 2 \cdot T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)$$

$$T(n) = n + 2 \cdot \left(\frac{n}{2} + 2 \cdot T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right)\right) =$$

$$= 2n + 4 \cdot T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) =$$

$$= 2n + 4 \left(\frac{n}{4} + 2T\left(\frac{n}{8}\right)\right) =$$

$$= 3n + 8T\left(\frac{n}{8}\right) =$$

$$\vdots$$
$$= kn + 2^k \cdot T\left(\frac{n}{2^k}\right) = \text{koniamo, gdje } n = 2^k$$

$k = \log_2 n$

$$= (\log_2 n) \cdot n + 2^{\log_2 n} \cdot T(1)$$

$$= n \cdot \log_2 n + n \cdot 1$$

$$\in O(n \cdot \log n) \quad \text{u svakom primaru}$$